6.2.10 Major Centre Zone Code



6.2.10.1 Application

This code applies to development:

- (1) within the Major Centre Zone as identified on the zone maps contained in Schedule 2 Mapping; and
- (2) identified as requiring assessment against the Major Centre Zone Code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 Tables of Assessment**.

6.2.10.2 Purpose and Overall Outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Major Centre Zone is to provide for a large variety of uses and activities to service a part of the local government area, including, for example, administrative, business, community, cultural, entertainment, professional, residential or retail uses or activities.
- (2) The purpose of the Major Centre Zone Code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:

(a) **Development**:

- (i) facilitates a range of shopping and commercial uses, cafes and dining, and community services that supports and services the needs of the region;
- (ii) facilitates the administrative and higher order retailing needs of the region, which include department stores, discount department stores and retail showrooms;
- (iii) contributes to place making and provides a high level of streetscape amenity;

(b) Land uses:

- (i) include a range of *commercial activities* (excluding *Outdoor sales*) and *community services* activities that meet the needs of the region;
- (ii) include Community residences, Dwelling units, Multiple dwellings and Rooming accommodation, where located above the ground floor of a commercial activity to maintain the predominant business and retail function of the zone;
- (iii) include Short-term accommodation and Tourist attractions to service the travelling public;
- (iv)does not include industrial activities or Outdoor sales;
- (v) are limited to:
 - (A)the uses listed as a consistent use in column 1 of Table 6.2.10.2.1 Consistent Uses and Potentially Consistent Uses in the Major Centre Zone; or
 - (B) the uses listed as potentially consistent uses in column 2 of Table 6.2.10.2.1 -Consistent Uses and Potentially Consistent Uses in the Major Centre Zone where further assessment has determined that the use is appropriate in the zone having regard to such matters as its location, impact, scale and intensity, built form and consistency with the character of the zone.

(vi)where not listed in **Table 6.2.10.2.1 Consistent Uses and Potentially Consistent Uses in the Major Centre Zone** are inconsistent uses and are not intended to occur in the zone;

(c) Character:

- (i) consists of a vibrant and active activity centre during the day and night, with attractive and functional buildings, streets and public spaces that provide for the enjoyment and safety of people;
- (ii) is predominantly low to medium-rise development that does not detract from the amenity of adjacent land in a residential zone;
- (iii) consists of compact development designed to contribute to a walkable centre;

(d) Built form:

- (i) is low to medium-rise;
- (ii) enhances the streetscape character of the centre by:
 - (A)locating buildings close to the street, creating a 'main street' appearance;
 - (B)locating and designing buildings to address the street and public spaces;
 - (C)locating on-site parking behind and/or to the side of buildings; and
 - (D)designing attractive building facades and roof design;
- (iii)incorporates design elements that provide opportunities for casual surveillance of streets and public spaces;
- (iv)provides a safe and comfortable pedestrian experience through continuous shading along building frontages, and designing development that supports the efficient movement of people to streets, public spaces and neighbouring uses;
- (v) ensures outdoor storage, utility, service and loading areas are hidden from public view to maintain the amenity of the street and public spaces, and adjacent land located in a residential zone:
- (vi)does not detract from the amenity of adjacent land in a residential zone.

(e) Lot design:

(i) supports the flexible range of land uses envisaged in the zone.

Table 6.2.10.2.1 - Consistent Uses and Potentially Consistent Uses in the Major Centre Zone

Column 1	Column 2	
Consistent Uses	Potentially Consistent Uses	
Commercial Activities		
Adult store		
Agricultural supplies store		
Bar		
Car wash		
Food and drink outlet		
Function facility		
Funeral parlour		
Garden centre		
Hardware and trade supplies		
Health care service		
Hotel		
Market		
Nightclub entertainment facility		
Office		
Parking station		
Service industry		
Service station		
Shop		
Shopping centre		
Showroom		
Theatre		
Veterinary service		

Column 1 Consistent Uses	Column 2 Potentially Consistent Uses			
Residential Activities	1 otomiany consistent oscs			
Community residence Dwelling unit (where located above the ground storey of a commercial activity) Home based business (if not involving Industrial activities other than minor industrial activities) Multiple dwelling (where located above the ground storey of a commercial activity) Rooming accommodation (where located above the ground storey of a commercial activity)				
Tourism Activities				
Short-term accommodation Tourist attraction				
Community Services Activities				
Child care centre Club Community care centre Community use Educational establishment Emergency services Place of worship	Hospital			
Infrastructure Activities				
Major electricity infrastructure (where proposed as underground infrastructure) Substation Telecommunications facility Utility installation (if involving minor utility installation)	Major electricity infrastructure*			
Recreational Activities				
Indoor sport and recreation Park				

6.2.10.3 Assessment Benchmarks

Table 6.2.10.3.1—Assessable Development

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outo	comes		
Setbacks				
PO1 Building setbacks:	AO1 Building setbacks	are as follows:		
 (1) contribute to the streetscape character and a 'main street' appearance; (2) assist in creating a walkable centre; (3) assist in the protection of the amenity of adjacent land in a residential zone; and (4) allow for access and landscaping around the building. Note - Where setbacks are required in this code or other codes, the higher numerical standard prevails. 	Setback	Minimum Distances Measured in Metres (m)		
	Street frontage	0m (Maximum 2m	(Maximum 2m)	
	Side and rear boundary (where sharing a	Building Height	Setback	
		Up to 4.5m	2m	
	boundary with a lot that has a residential zone)	For that part between 4.5m - 7.5m	2.5m	
	,	For that part exceeding 7.5m	An extra 0.5 is added for every 3 m in height or part thereof over 7.5m	
	Note - Where setback the higher numerical s	•	code or other codes,	

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes		
Height			
PO2	AO2		
Development is of a low to medium rise height.	Development does not exceed 6 storeys and a maximum height of 21m.		
Built Form and Urban Design			
PO3 Development presents an attractive and active frontage to all streets and public spaces, and enhances the character of the zone through: (1) ensuring buildings address the street and public spaces; (2) ensuring buildings are visually interesting through articulation and variation to the external appearance; (3) providing opportunities for casual surveillance; and (4) clearly defined building entrances.	AO3.1 Buildings are designed to address the street and public spaces.		
	AO3.2 A minimum of 65% of the ground floor facade is windowed.		
	AO3.3 The unarticulated length of any external wall along a street frontage or where buildings front a public space does not exceed 10m.		
	 AO3.4 Buildings achieve visual interest and articulation though a combination of the following: (1) variation in the horizontal plane through the use of recesses, columns or blades; (2) variation in parapet design or roof form; (3) variation in colour, patterns, textures or building materials and composition; and (4) canopies, awnings or projections. 		
	AO3.5 Windows and balconies located above ground floor overlook the street and public spaces to provide opportunities for casual surveillance.		
	AO3.6 Building entrances are clearly visible from the street.		
PO4 Development: (1) creates a comfortable pedestrian experience by providing continuous shading along building frontages; and (2) ensures that pedestrians can easily and efficiently access the street and public spaces.	Buildings provide continuous shade to footpaths through the use of: (1) awnings, verandahs or the like; or (2) an overhanging first floor balcony.		
PO5 Development: (1) avoids large areas of hard stand addressing streets and public spaces; and (2) locates parking areas behind and/or to the side of buildings.	AO5 No Acceptable Outcome is prescribed.		
Amenity			
PO6 Outdoor storage, utility, service and loading areas are screened so they are not visible from: (1) the street and public spaces; and (2) adjacent land in a residential zone.	AO6 No Acceptable Outcome is prescribed.		

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes		
PO7 Development: (1) does not detract from the amenity of adjoining land in a residential zone; and (2) affords privacy to adjoining land in a residential zone.	 AO7 Where adjoining land in a residential zone: (1) development provides buffer landscaping with a minimum width of 2m or solid fencing 1.8m high along the common boundary; (2) development screens or obscures any window 1.8m above ground level that has a direct view of land in a residential zone. 		
Reconfiguration of a Lot			
PO8 Reconfiguring a lot creates lots of an appropriate size, dimension and configuration to accommodate land uses consistent with the purpose and overall outcomes of the zone.	AO8 Reconfiguring a lot complies with the standards in Table 9.4.6.3.2 - Minimum Lot Size and Design.		